

MONZA RS 0W-30

Revision date: 28.10.2021

Page 1 of 12

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

MONZA RS 0W-30

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture

Motor oil multigrade

Uses advised against

No information available.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name:	Mitan Mineralöl GmbH	
Street:	Industriestraße 8	
Place:	D-49577 Ankum	
Telephone:	+49 5462 747050	Telefax: +49 5462 747055
e-mail:	info@mitan-oil.de	
Internet:	www.monza-oil.de	
Responsible Department:	Produktsicherheit / Product Safety sicherheitsdatenblatt@mitan-oil.de	

1.4. Emergency telephone

number: Gifftinformationszentrum Nord (Göttingen)

+49 (0)551/19240

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Hazard categories:

Hazardous to the aquatic environment: Aquatic Chronic 3

Hazard Statements:

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Hazard statements

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with official regulations.

Special labelling of certain mixtures

EUH208 Contains Benzenesulfonic acid, methyl-, mono-C20-24-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

MONZA RS 0W-30

Revision date: 28.10.2021

Page 2 of 12

Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name			Quantity
	EC No	Index No	REACH No	
	GHS Classification			
64742-54-7	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified			44 - <= 74,5 %
	265-157-1	649-467-00-8	01-2119484627-25	
	Asp. Tox. 1; H304			
722503-68-6	Benzenesulfonic acid, methyl-, mono-C20-24-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts			0 - < 0,5 %
	682-816-2			
	Skin Sens. 1, Aquatic Chronic 4; H317 H413			
121158-58-5	phenol, dodecyl-, branched			0 - < 0,15 %
	310-154-3	604-092-00-9	01-2119513207-49	
	Repr. 1B, Skin Corr. 1C, Eye Dam. 1, Aquatic Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 1; H360F H314 H318 H400 H410			

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity
	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE		
64742-54-7	265-157-1	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified	44 - <= 74,5 %
	dermal: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg		
121158-58-5	310-154-3	phenol, dodecyl-, branched	0 - < 0,15 %
	dermal: LD50 = ca. 15000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = 2100 mg/kg M akut; H400: M=10 M chron.; H410: M=10		

Further Information

This mixture contains no substances of very high concern (SVHC) which are included in the Candidate List according to Article 59 of REACH.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

Remove affected person from the danger area and lay down.
Do not leave affected person unattended.
In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

After inhalation

Provide fresh air. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.

After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

After contact with eyes

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

After ingestion

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Let water be drunk in little sips (dilution effect).
Do NOT induce vomiting.
In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

MONZA RS 0W-30

Revision date: 28.10.2021

Page 3 of 12

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray jet to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers.
Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Full water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

In case of fire may be liberated:

- Carbon monoxide (CO)
- Carbon dioxide (CO₂).
- Nitrogen oxides (NO_x)
- Pyrolysis products, toxic

5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use of protective clothing

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

Keep people at a distance and stay on the windward side.

Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

For non-emergency personnel

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing and eye/face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil.

Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

For cleaning up

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

Remove from the water surface (e.g. skimming, sucking).

6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Disposal: see section 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

- Avoid formation of oil dust.
- Use personal protection equipment.
- Do not put any product-impregnated cleaning rags into your trouser pockets.
- Clear spills immediately.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

- No special fire protection measures are necessary.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

- Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place.
- Keep only in the original container. Store in a cool dry place.
- Floors should be impervious, resistant to liquids and easy to clean.

Hints on joint storage

- Do not store together with:
 - Materials capable of ignition under almost all normal temperature conditions
 - Explosives

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Motor oil multigrade

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

MONZA RS 0W-30

Revision date: 28.10.2021

Page 5 of 12

DNEL/DMEL values

CAS No	Substance	Exposure route	Effect	Value
64742-54-7	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified			
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	2,73 mg/m ³
Worker DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	5,58 mg/m ³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	0,97 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	local	1,19 mg/m ³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	0,74 mg/kg bw/day
121158-58-5	phenol, dodecyl-, branched			
Worker DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	44,18 mg/m ³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	0,25 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNEL, acute		dermal	systemic	166 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		inhalation	systemic	0,79 mg/m ³
Consumer DNEL, acute		inhalation	systemic	13,26 mg/m ³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	0,075 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, acute		dermal	systemic	50 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	0,075 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, acute		oral	systemic	1,26 mg/kg bw/day

PNEC values

CAS No	Substance	Value
64742-54-7	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified	
Secondary poisoning		9,33 mg/kg
121158-58-5	phenol, dodecyl-, branched	
Freshwater		0,000074 mg/l
Freshwater (intermittent releases)		0,00037 mg/l
Marine water		0,000007 mg/l
Freshwater sediment		0,226 mg/kg
Marine sediment		0,027 mg/kg
Secondary poisoning		4 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)		100 mg/l
Soil		0,118 mg/kg

Additional advice on limit values

To date, no national critical limit values exist.

8.2. Exposure controls



MONZA RS 0W-30

Revision date: 28.10.2021

Page 6 of 12

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations.

Protective and hygiene measures

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Wash hands before breaks and after work.

When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff.

Eye/face protection

During filling, metering, mixing and sampling must be used:

Wear eye/face protection. DIN EN 166

Hand protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances.

Recommended glove articles: EN ISO 374

Suitable material: NBR (Nitrile rubber)

Thickness of the glove material: 0,4 mm

Breakthrough times and swelling properties of the material must be taken into consideration. Breakthrough time: > 8h

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	yellow-brown
Odour:	characteristic
Odour threshold:	not determined
pH-Value:	not determined

Changes in the physical state

Melting point:	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	not determined
Pour point:	-45 °C
Flash point:	232 °C

Flammability

Solid/liquid:	not applicable
Gas:	not applicable

Explosive properties

Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible.

Lower explosion limits:	not determined
Upper explosion limits:	not determined

Self-ignition temperature

Solid:	not applicable
Gas:	not applicable

MONZA RS 0W-30

Revision date: 28.10.2021

Page 7 of 12

Decomposition temperature: not determined

Oxidizing properties

The product is not: oxidising.

Vapour pressure: not determined

Density (at 15 °C): 0,847 g/cm³

Water solubility: not determined

Solubility in other solvents

not determined

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water: not determined

Viscosity / kinematic:
(at 40 °C) 66 mm²/s

Relative vapour density: not determined

Evaporation rate: not determined

9.2. Other information

Solid content: not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The formation of combustible vapours is possible at temperatures above: Flash point

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid: Thermal decomposition

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid:

- Acids
- Oxidising agent
- Reducing agent

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products:

- Carbon monoxide (CO)
- Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
- Nitrogen oxides (NO_x)
- Pyrolysis products, toxic

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

MONZA RS 0W-30

Revision date: 28.10.2021

Page 8 of 12

CAS No	Chemical name				
	Exposure route	Dose	Species	Source	Method
64742-54-7	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified				
	oral	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg	Rat	Study report (1982)	OECD Guideline 401
	dermal	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg	Rabbit	Study report (1982)	OECD Guideline 402
121158-58-5	phenol, dodecyl-, branched				
	oral	LD50 2100 mg/kg	Rat	Publication (1978)	OECD Guideline 401
	dermal	LD50 ca. 15000 mg/kg	Rabbit	Study report (1968)	OECD Guideline 402

Irritation and corrosivity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitising effects

Contains Benzenesulfonic acid, methyl-, mono-C20-24-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts. May produce an allergic reaction.

Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

The product contains less than 3% DMSO extract (method IP346). A classification as a carcinogen with R45 is deleted. (Note L)

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2. Information on other hazards**Endocrine disrupting properties**

No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**12.1. Toxicity**

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

MONZA RS 0W-30

Revision date: 28.10.2021

Page 9 of 12

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose	[h] [d]	Species	Source	Method
64742-54-7	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified					
	Acute fish toxicity	LL50 > 100 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Study report (1995)	OECD Guideline 203
121158-58-5	phenol, dodecyl-, branched					
	Acute fish toxicity	LL50 40 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Study report (1994)	OECD Guideline 203
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 0,15 mg/l	72 h	Desmodesmus subspicatus	Study report (2005)	OECD Guideline 201
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 0,037 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Study report (2005)	OECD Guideline 202
	Fish toxicity	NOEC 0,0037 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna (Big water flea)	ECHA Dossier	
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC 0,004 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	Study report (2005)	OECD Guideline 211
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(> 1000 mg/l)	3 h	activated sludge of a predominantly industrial sew	Study report (2004)	OECD Guideline 209

12.2. Persistence and degradability

CAS No	Chemical name			
	Method	Value	d	Source
	Evaluation			
121158-58-5	phenol, dodecyl-, branched			
	OECD 301B/ ISO 9439/ EEC 92/69/V, C.4-C	25%	28	
	Not readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)			

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
121158-58-5	phenol, dodecyl-, branched	7,14

BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
121158-58-5	phenol, dodecyl-, branched	289	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Study report (2006)

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product has not been tested.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No information available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
13.1. Waste treatment methods
Disposal recommendations

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

MONZA RS 0W-30

Revision date: 28.10.2021

Page 10 of 12

Contaminated packaging

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.4. Packing group:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

14.1. UN number:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.4. Packing group:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Marine transport (IMDG)

14.1. UN number:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.4. Packing group:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.
14.4. Packing group:	No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No dangerous good in sense of this transport regulation.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII):

Entry 3, Entry 30

Information according to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): Not subject to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III)

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

Water hazard class (D): 2 - obviously hazardous to water

Skin resorption/Sensitization: Causes allergic hypersensitivity reactions.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s): 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,15,16.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route
(European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%
LD50: Lethal dose, 50%
CLP: Classification, labelling and Packaging
REACH: Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Chemicals
UN: United Nations
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration
ATE: Acute toxicity estimate
LL50: Lethal loading, 50%
EL50: Effect loading, 50%
EC50: Effective Concentration 50%
ErC50: Effective Concentration 50%, growth rate
NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration
BCF: Bio-concentration factor
PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic
vPvB: very persistent, very bioaccumulative
RID: Regulations concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by rail
ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
(Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures)
EmS: Emergency Schedules
MFAG: Medical First Aid Guide
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
IBC: Intermediate Bulk Container
VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds
SVHC: Substance of Very High Concern
For abbreviations and acronyms, see table at <http://abbrev.esdscom.eu>

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	Calculation method

Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H360F	May damage fertility.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.



Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

MONZA RS 0W-30

Revision date: 28.10.2021

Page 12 of 12

H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
EUH208	Contains Benzenesulfonic acid, methyl-, mono-C20-24-branched alkyl derivs., calcium salts. May produce an allergic reaction.

Further Information

The information is based on the present level of our knowledge. It does not, however, give assurance of product properties and establishes no contract legal rights. The receiver of our product is singularly responsible for adhering to existing laws and regulations.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)